1. What event made Andrew Jackson a national hero?
2. Explain why Jackson’s supporters viewed the election of 1824 as a “corrupt bargain”. (Be detailed)
3. What new political party was formed by Jackson’s supporters? What portion of the American populace did this party aim to represent? What party did Jackson’s opposition form?
4. Define “Jacksonian Democracy”.
5. What year was Andrew Jackson first elected to the presidency? Who did he defeat?
6. Prior to 1820, who was allowed to vote in the United States?
7. How did voting change in the years immediately prior to Jackson’s election?
8. What was Jackson’s “kitchen cabinet”?
9. Upon entering office, Jackson implemented the “spoils system”. Explain this practice.
10. Which region of the U.S. supported tariffs on imports? Why?
11. Which section of the U.S. opposed tariffs? Why?
12. Vice President John C. Calhoun, of South Carolina, called on southern states to “nullify” the tariffs. What did this mean?
13. Why did southern states argue they had the right to nullify federal laws?
14. Going a step further, what did South Carolina threaten to do if the national government tried to enforce the tariff laws they had nullified?
15. Did Jackson agree with the doctrine of nullification?
16. What was the Force Bill and how did the Nullification Crisis end?
17. Explain why Andrew Jackson despised the Bank of the United States.
18. How did Jackson respond to Henry Clay’s bill to renew the bank’s charter in 1832?
19. How did Jackson ultimately kill the Second Bank of the United States?
20. What were “pet banks”?
21. How many Native Americans still lived east of the Mississippi River when Jackson became president?
22. Who were the 5 Civilized Tribes? Why were they referred to as “civilized”?
23. How did the expansion of cotton spell disaster for Native Americans in the southeast?
24. Explain the Indian Removal Act of 1830.
25. How did Jackson and the Supreme Court clash over the Indian Removal Act?
26. Explain the Trail of Tears.